

Country: Ethiopia

Emergency type: Conflict

Start Date of Crisis: November 3, 2020

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Covering Period: October 1 – 30, 2024

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# **Key Indicators**



15.5 million

Total people targeted (OCHA HRP 2024)



2.075,000

Women of reproductive age



188,101

Estimated pregnant women



8,300,000 million

People targeted by UNFPA ETHIOPIA HRP in 2024

# Highlights

- La Niña is anticipated to cause drought in the lowlands of Somali, Oromia, and Southern Ethiopia during the
  October-December 2024 rainy season. This will likely result in water and pasture shortages, intensify food
  insecurity, disease outbreaks, as well as aggravate health and protection concerns for women and girls in the
  affected regions.
- In October 2024, **severe flooding** impacted several regions across Ethiopia, including Gambella, South Ethiopia, Afar, Oromia, Somali, and Sidama. The floods displaced thousands, devastated infrastructure and crops, and heightened health risks from waterborne diseases.



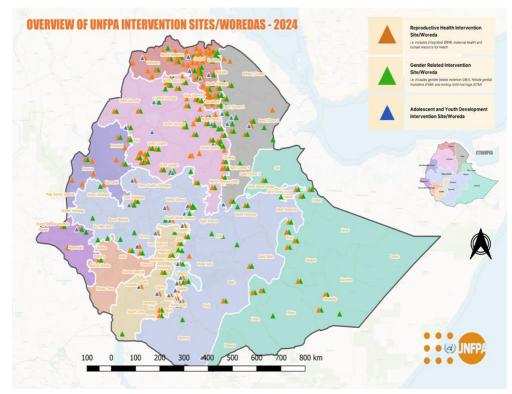
#### Situation Overview

- Ethiopia faces a severe humanitarian crisis, driven by conflict, widespread displacement, disease outbreaks, and climate-induced shocks. According to the **2024 Humanitarian Response Plan**, an estimated 15.5 million people—among them 4.5 million internally displaced individuals—are in urgent need of assistance across multiple regions.
- Several regions in Ethiopia, including Gambella, Afar, Amhara, Somali, Oromia, and South Ethiopia, are severely
  impacted by floods at the end of September 2024. These events have displaced thousands, damaged critical
  infrastructure, and increased the need for urgent humanitarian assistance. Authorities and partners are
  responding with essential support like food, shelter, and water, but resources are limited, making it challenging to
  address the growing needs effectively.
- Preparations for anticipatory action are underway in Ethiopia's southern and southeastern lowlands to address
  the projected drought during the October-December Deyr/Hageya rainy season. With 7.8 million people at risk
  across 123 woredas, many still recovering from previous droughts, the government and partners are mobilizing
  resources guided by the national Drought Anticipatory Action Framework. The Ethiopia Humanitarian Fund (EHF)
  is considering support to reduce the impacts on health, nutrition, and protection. Early interventions are critical,
  especially in high-risk areas like the Somali Region, to prevent severe consequences.
- Armed clashes continue in various regions of Ethiopia, particularly in different parts of Amhara, with shifting
  hotspots and unpredictable intensity. In conflict-affected areas, disruptions to employment, trade, and agricultural
  activities are impacting livelihoods, limiting cash income opportunities, and affecting market stability.
  Additionally, the instability has heightened the vulnerability of women and girls, increasing their risk of genderbased violence (GBV) as access to safe spaces and medical support becomes increasingly limited.

### **UNFPA** Response

UNFPA Ethiopia continues to broader their humanitarian efforts to meet the Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) and Gender-Based Violence (GBV) needs across 11 regions, responding to multiple crises, including the refugees and

returnees of the South Sudan crisis. In October 2024, UNFPA reached 177,000 individuals with essential lifesaving SRH services and information, delivering crucial communities support to nationwide. This included over 34.000 maternal and newborn health services, with 6,319 mothers receiving their first Antenatal Care (ANC) visit and 6.614 deliveries assisted by skilled birth attendants through UNFPA's support. Additionally, over 16,000 Pregnant and Lactating Women (PWL) were screened for acute malnutrition. with 20,275 supported nutritional supplements in affected regions. With over 209 midwives and 181 health extension workers (HEWs) deployed, 8 Mobile Health and Nutrition Teams (MHNTs), and 12 Maternity Waiting Homes. UNFPA continues to bolster the capacity of health offices and





facilities to respond to the growing SRH needs in affected communities. Similarly, 37 professionals were trained in various topics related to integrated provision of SRH and GBV services in emergencies.

Gender-based violence (GBV) remains a critical issue in communities impacted by conflict and climate shocks, as the breakdown of social structures and limited access to GBV services heighten the risks faced by women and girls, increasing their vulnerability. According to the 2024 Humanitarian Needs Overview (HNO), the number of People in Need (PIN) for GBV services increased from 5.8 million in 2022 to 6.7 million in 2023 to 7.2 million in 2024. million. As a response, UNFPA has scaled up integrated GBV/SRH response services through 63 Women and Girls' Friendly Spaces, 32 supported One-Stop Centers, 19 Safe Houses and other government-led service delivery points. As of October 2024, UNFPA has reached 155,435 women and girls with comprehensive GBV services and information, including 27,541 individuals supported with mental health and psychosocial support services (MHPSS), and 1,953 women and girls benefitting from dignity kits and sanitary pads for menstrual health management. These efforts were complemented by UNFPA's robust humanitarian coordination presence, leading the GBV AoR at national and regional levels with MoWSA and the Bureaus of Women's Affairs.

### Results Snapshot



## 177,416

People reached with **SRH services** 93% Female - 7% Male



### 141

Health facilities supported across 11 regions



## 155,435

People reached with **GBV prevention**, mitigation, and response activities 76% Female - 24% Male



### 114

**Safe Spaces** for women and girls supported nationwide

NFI	2,786	Pieces of medical equipment and Personal Protection Equipment (PPEs) distributed to health facilities in Amhara, Afar, B/Gumuz, and Tigray regions.
•	10,090	Women and girls benefitted from dignity kits and reproductive health kits provided to service delivery points in 4 regions – Tigray, Amhara, Oromia and Afar regions- to meet the needs of women and girls affected by crises.
(II)	47	Youth spaces supported by UNFPA.



#### **Coordination Mechanisms**

- UNFPA has continued to participate in various humanitarian coordination platforms, including the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT), Inter-Cluster Coordination Group (ICCG) and Health and Protection Clusters. It also continues to lead the GBV sub-cluster and SRH Working Groups at the national and subnational levels.
- As of September 2024, UNFPA Ethiopia has mobilized a total of USD 17.7 million within the Humanitarian-Development-Peace Nexus programming from Denmark, Canada, CERF, Korea, Sweden, PRM, and Itochu Corporation in 2024. The resources will be largely used to scale up interventions within the humanitarian, development, peace nexus.
- The Global Protection Cluster (GPC) conducted a mission in Ethiopia from September 1-7, 2024, to support the protection cluster and Areas of Responsibility (AoRs) in enhancing the response, addressing challenges, and engaging with Cluster Lead Agencies, partners, and donors. The mission included meetings with various stakeholders (e.g., RC/HC, OCHA, MoWSA, EHRC, AU) and visits to Suhul Hospital OSC in Shire, Axum Teaching Hospital, and other facilities. Focus groups with IDPs and debriefings with humanitarians and donors concluded the mission.
- The GBV AoR Bi-Annual Review Meeting held on September 3, 2024, in Addis Ababa, brought together GBV AoR members to assess needs, priorities, and progress in response strategies. The event aimed to strengthen collaboration and introduce the 2025 Humanitarian Program Cycle (HPC). Attended by 64 partners in person and 30 virtually, discussions covered the Mid-Year Performance Review of the 2024 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), as well as key indicators, geographical targeting, and response priorities for the HPC 2025.
- The GBV Case Management Guideline/Framework Validation Workshop, held from September 3-5, 2024, in Adama, was organized by UNFPA, MoWSA, and Norwegian Church Aid (NCA). This workshop aimed to finalize guidelines for standardized and survivor-centered GBV case management across multiple sectors. National and regional representatives from health, psychosocial, safety, law enforcement, legal, and accessto-justice sectors participated, ensuring alignment with organizational policies to provide high-quality care for GBV survivors.
- As co-lead of the Youth, Peace, and Security (YPS) Taskforce, the team recently organized a webinar
  discussing the 3rd UN Secretary General's Report on YPS. Additionally, the taskforce will conduct a YPS
  training workshop in Bishoftu for members and partners, aiming to strengthen their capacity and
  understanding of YPS initiatives.

## **Funding Status**

In 2024, our resource mobilization efforts require \$48,200,085 USD to achieve our goals, as outlined in the UNFPA Preparedness and Humanitarian Response Plan 2024. As of October 2024, UNFPA Ethiopia has received \$17,705,354 Million USD from our generous donors.

We extend our sincere gratitude to BMGF, Canada, CERF, Denmark, ITOCHU Corporation, Japan, Norway, PRM, Spain, Sweden, KOICA, USAID, and the World Bank/UNOPS for their crucial support. Their contributions are vital in advancing our mission to ensure rights and choices for all in Ethiopia.

